



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 5

ATTORNEY HENRY A. JOHNSON, of Norfolk, who recently started petitions in which the governor was urged to call an extra session of the legislature, for the enactment of an adequate legalized primary law, now says that owing to developments which seem to indicate an appeal by the attorney general of the Norfolk election cases to fully test the present primary law, he had determined to await future developments before agitating further an extra session of the legislature for the purposes mentioned in the petition to Governor Mann. Mr. Johnson's kind sight like that of many others, is better than his foresight and he had better let extra sessions alone. In the first place no body of men could frame a law which could prevent the Norfolk district "healers" from cheating at the polls, and in the second, this extra session talk seems to have dwindled down to an effort to boost the candidacy of a few men for office. An extra session would involve great expense to the people of the state who less than a month ago expressed their disapproval of extended sessions of the legislature and there is little doubt that if an extra session were held much pernicious legislation would be enacted.

TO THE victors belong the spoils. This was democracy's great day in Chicago. It witnessed the fall of the republican rule in that city. With ceremonies befitting the occasion, the victors at the November polls marched into the county building and assumed control of the offices they won. After 14 years of banishment, 14 years of reverses and adversities, the democrats came into occupancy of the citadel. Visions they had dreamed during the 14-year bivouac in the snows were realized. Over 3,000 jobs, with an annual salary list of over \$3,500,000 into their hands as the spoils of war. All the power and prestige the republicans had been deriving from the patronage for 14 years past now became the possession of the democrats by right of conquest. The abdication of the old officers and the installation of the new was the most spectacular episode in the annals of Cook county politics for several decades.

OPENLY expressed suspicion of President Taft's intentions with respect to the supreme court appointment, it is said in Washington, is obscuring every other public question among the progressive men of both parties in the House and Senate. Clearly expressed fear that the appointments are to be made upon recommendations of special interests and for the purpose of giving control of the court to men known to place property interests above human and public rights, is arousing a spirit of resistance. This may result in a fight in the Senate over the confirmation of the men the president will nominate. Such a contest would certainly become a tremendous and momentous struggle in the conflict between the public interest and special privilege.

THE memorial services conducted last night by Alexandria Lodge of Elks were justly regarded as one of the most interesting ever given by that organization. Every seat in the auditorium of the new building of the order was filled by representative ladies and gentlemen who had gathered to witness the exercises and hear the speeches which were delivered. There was no wall of partition. Jews and Gentiles, Catholics and Protestants having for the time being left their creeds with their overcoats, hats and umbrellas in the ante-rooms, the speeches were inspiring, the music excellent, and each participant in the programme acted well his and her part. The company departed at an early hour, all convinced that it was good for them to have been there.

CARDINAL GIBBONS, in an interview at Baltimore on Friday last, deplored a "lack of business, fairness and honesty" in some large corporations and urged an application of Christian rules. This subject should be taken up by the clergy generally and the enormity of the sin shown in its every light. The drifting away of fairness and honesty from business is much to be deplored.

THE dismissal of an interne for hugging a nurse caused the resignation of all the physicians except three, the internes and head nurse of the J. Hood Wright Hospital in New York. The physicians think they are entitled to some privileges.

Vessels which were driven in at Colon by high winds today brought word that a great storm is raging on the Pacific. Torrential rains are today falling on the rain and landslides are feared.

## FROM WASHINGTON

Senator Benjamin Tillman of South Carolina, who was very ill last winter, was one of the first arrivals at the Senate Chamber today. He carried a cane, but looked able to wield the "pitch-fork" some this session all right if the occasion arises.

The state of Kentucky today won its suit against the Illinois Central Railroad for \$8,847 railroad franchise taxes, according to a decision by the U. S. Supreme Court. The assessment was levied upon the Chesapeake and Ohio road, which came under control of Harriman through a judicial sale.

The suit was instituted by the state several years ago for taxes based on the assessment made in 1898. The lower courts found in favor of the state, notwithstanding the contention of the railroad that the assessment was void and that the court's view that Edward H. Harriman, as owner of the railroad, was personally responsible for the taxes was illegal.

Senator Swanson was on the floor of the Senate today but will not be sworn in as a member till tomorrow. Although Congress opens today the president's message will not be read until tomorrow.

In a petition filed with the Senate today the Knights of Labor declare that, in its practical working, the protective tariff system has resulted in the aggrandizement of capital and the debasement of labor. The average cost of American manufacture is 20 per cent, the petition says, while the average tariff rates for the last 14 years have been 45 per cent. Congress is asked to revise the tariff.

Preparations were made today for resuming the inquiry into the "Jack-pot" charges against Senator Lorimer of Illinois, on Wednesday. Senator Burrows of Michigan, head of the special committee appointed by the Senate to investigate the Lorimer charges, is at work rounding up witnesses. The senator has found former state Senator Wilson, of Illinois, who failed to appear before the Lorimer committee while it was taking testimony in Chicago. Wilson has communicated with Burrows, and he will be on hand to tell what he knows of the alleged bribery of the legislature. Wilson is charged with having handled a part of the fund alleged to have been paid to members of the legislature for voting for Lorimer.

The census office today announced the present population of the following states: North Carolina 2,206,287; increase 312,477 10.5 per cent. North Carolina gets one more congressman. Mississippi 1,797,174; increase 245,841 15.8 per cent. Mississippi gets one more congressman. Kentucky 2,289,905; increase 142,731 6.6 per cent. This is not a sufficient gain to give Kentucky another congressman.

Snow fell over Washington today with the opening of the final session of the Sixty-first Congress, but Champ Clark, minority leader, and generally accepted as the speaker of the democratic House that will come into existence on March 4, 1911, ploughed through a couple of miles of slush, facing a driving sleet storm, to the Capitol. When he reached the House, he was well bespattered with wet snow. He hurried to the floor where he was received with great applause. Speaker Cannon drove up to the Capitol in his electrically heated automobile.

The Standard Oil Company of New York today petitioned the U. S. Supreme Court to review the case in which it was fined \$20,000 for accepting rebates on oil shipments from Orlean to New England points. The government opposed the motion. Decision on the application will be announced later.

President Taft will become a Carabou on January 9. To a committee representing the order, and including General C. F. Humphreys, Col. W. P. Biddle and Capt. John J. Knapp, the president today signified his intention of "riding the Buffalo" and being initiated into the mysteries of the organization at a dinner in this city.

The famous Hyde-Diamond-Benson case, growing out of an alleged conspiracy to defraud the United States out of large tracts of land, will be reopened as a result of the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States today to grant the petition of Frank A. Hyde and Joost H. Schneider for a review of their sentences.

President Taft has decided to consult with members of the Senate judiciary committee before making appointments to fill the two vacancies on the Supreme Court bench.

The efforts of the Department of Justice to bring Fritz Augustus Heinze, the Montana miner, to trial for misapplication of funds of the Mercantile Bank of New York, of which he was president, ended successfully before the U. S. Supreme Court today.

Taft of an "extra session" of business was received today, when Mr. Taft (rep. Minn.) chairman of the House appropriations committee declared that he considered it almost necessary. "It is doubtful whether even the regular appropriations bills can be passed at the session opening today," declared Taft. "All that I can say is that at least forty-five days will be needed for the passage of those bills. They cannot possibly be disposed of under that time. I think all members of Congress, when they think the matter over, will agree that the extra session is not as improbable as all seem now. There is not the slightest doubt that the new rules retard the business of the House. Unless every member on each side of the House joins in the effort to rush the bills through, it would seem to me that an extra session is not unlikely at all. In this short session the new rules will be put to the test, and the country can judge the result. If the appropriation bills are not passed before March 4, there will have to be an extra session. A delay on any of these bills with the exception of the rivers and harbors measure will force an extra session.

Representative Norris (rep. Neb.) who was largely responsible for the insurgent victory in the House last March called at the White House, upon President Taft's invitation to discuss the legislative programme and the president's message. To the newspaper men Norris deprecated Mr. Taft's pessimistic intonations regarding the possibility of an extra session, attributing to a desire on the part of the stand-patters to discredit the new rules and the insurgents. Norris would not discuss his talk with Taft.

## Stuart's Election Expenses.

[Special Dispatch to the Gazette.]  
Richmond, Virginia, December 5.—Henry C. Stuart today filed an account of his congressional campaign expense in the Ninth district. The total is \$17,359. The three principal items are general and local expenses, \$5,776; increased circulation of newspapers, \$3,697; music and barbeque, \$2,397. In 1909 gubernatorial primary Tuckers expense account for the whole state was about \$16,000; Manns about \$11,000.

## Mrs. Eddy's Death.

Boston, Dec. 5.—More than a million followers of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy today accepted the news of her death in sorrow, but not a Christian science leader in Boston would admit that the church organization has suffered a loss to its organization, through Mrs. Eddy's death.

By Mrs. Eddy's demise we lose the counsel of our leader. As the church organization is complete as it stands today and has stood for some time, it is perfectly well understood that no successor to Mrs. Eddy will be named," was the statement today of Alfred Farlow, head of the publicity department of the Christian Science organization.

No Christian scientist today would discuss any plan for the disposition of Mrs. Eddy's private fortune, which has been supposed to be very large.

New York, Dec. 5.—That there will be no change in the government of the Christian science faith as a result of the death of Mrs. Eddy was the expressed belief of the church leaders here today. The rumor that Mrs. Augustus E. Stetson, who was excommunicated by the trustees of the mother church at Boston, might seize upon the death of Mrs. Eddy as an opportunity to attempt to force herself upon the church as successor to the founder of the faith, was denied by both friends and foes of Mrs. Stetson. The latter refused to make any public statement whatsoever on the death of Mrs. Eddy, but her friends were insistent that she had no desire to make trouble for the church.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Predictions of the collapse of Christian Science following the death of its leader were freely made here today in comment of the passing of Mary Baker Eddy, and many leading theological thought leaders declared the schism would soon rend the religious structure she built. Opposed to these were declarations of the leaders among the 15,000 Chicago followers of Mrs. Eddy. All assert that her death will make absolutely no difference in the government of the church.

## Policeman Brings Strike to a Close.

Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 5.—The belt of Police Sergeant Wolfe, vigorously applied to some twenty boys who believed themselves "strikers" put a sudden end to the school strike today. The boys were all that remained of ninety who had refused to attend school Friday because barred from sessions in the new school building. The others had been talked to by their parents, and when the 9 o'clock bell rang today they marched meekly to their studies. Twenty, who did not, were gathered about the gates of the old school when Wolfe came along with his belt and vigorously applied it. The boys were eager enough to take refuge in the school, but some of them found sitting at their desks painful. Vice-Principal Dutch said that the policeman had effectually blocked the strike.

## Killed by Indians.

Takoma, Wash., Dec. 5. Several white men have been killed by Indians in the Kantishna mining district in the northern foot hills of Mount McKinley, according to cable messages received here from Fairbank, Alaska.

## Rear-End Collision.

London, Eng., Dec. 5.—In a rear-end collision today of passenger trains at Willesden Junction, a number of passengers were killed and forty injured, many fatally. Six cars were telescoped.

## Revolutionists Dispersed.

Laredo, Tex., Dec. 5.—An ineffective attack, in which a small band of revolutionists was quickly dispersed, is reported today from the town of Guerrero, Tamaulipas state.

## The Trial of Hattie Le Blanc.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 5.—The defense today in the important trial in the trial of Hattie Le Blanc, the French-Canadian girl charged with the murder of Clarence F. Glover, Judge Bond ruled that the prosecution should not introduce in evidence the three questions asked Hattie Le Blanc in her "third degree" night when she was arrested. The idea of the prosecution was to show by these questions and her answers that the girl knew English. Judge Bond added, however, that he might admit the questions and answers later in the day. Attorney Samuel D. Elmore was recalled. He admitted that he had received \$1,000 from Mrs. Glover after her husband's murder to meet expenses in protecting Mrs. Glover against "certain plots" she thought were being formed against her by her husband's brothers. Elmore admitted that he had all of Hattie Le Blanc's letters.

## NAVAL ESTIMATES REDUCED.

Most important among the recommendations in the annual report of Secretary of the Navy Meyer, which was made public yesterday, is for congressional authority for the abandonment of naval stations at New Orleans, La.; Pensacola, Fla.; San Juan, Porto Rico; Port Royal, S. C.; New London, Conn.; Sackett Harbor, N. Y.; Culebra, Porto Rico, and Cavay, Philippine Islands. The average annual cost of maintaining these yards, he says, for the last five years has been \$1,672,675, and very little useful work has been done at any of them.

In his estimates for the fiscal year 1912, which show a saving of \$5,000,000, as compared with the appropriation for the Navy Department for the current year, Secretary Meyer asks \$194,500 for improvements at the Washington navy yard.

## New York Stock Market.

New York, Dec. 5.—Although a few stocks showed fractional gains at the opening of the stock market today, confidence in the market was in the later trading nearly everything on the list joining in the downward movement. In the last half of the forenoon the market became heavy and at mid-day prices showed slight recessions from the highest range of the morning.

## THE ELECTION IN ENGLAND.

Widespread Disorder in Industrial Centres—Floods Interfere with Voting—Drownings Reported—Charges of Fraud—Liberal Outlook Encouraging.

London, Dec. 5.—Amid scenes of the greatest disorder and with serious riots reported in several places, voting was resumed today, the third day of the general election. The disorders are particularly widespread in the industrial centres.

Owing to tremendous rains late today's voting was conducted under a severe handicap. Floods held back the voters in many constituencies. Several cases of drownings were reported.

Seventy-five members of parliament, representing 67 constituencies, were to be elected today.

Never before in an English election has such a cry of fraud gone up as the present voting. This is due to the fact that the voting is under the registration of eighteen months ago. As there have been thousands of deaths and removals since the registration, the opportunity is presented for such fraudulent voting and both the liberals and conservatives are charging the other with the grossest padding of their polls. The groundwork is being laid for many contests.

The liberals went into the contest today with renewed courage. Their strong showing in London and Manchester on Saturday gave them hope that they would still further increase their representation in the metropolis, in seventeen boroughs of which there were contests today.

There is no longer the slightest doubt that the liberals, with their labor and nationalist allies, will control the situation, but the conservatives are still hoping that the government majority will be so reduced that the king will be asked to dissolve the parliament and call a new one. The demand for the creation of liberal peers and that a legislative deadlock can be effected on all questions on which there is the least division among the coalition parties.

The total returns so far, counting today's uncontested elections, make the count: Conservatives 80; Irish nationalists 14, laborites 8.

## Ballooning Drowned.

London, Dec. 5.—The German balloon that sailed from Munich Saturday in an effort to reach Switzerland landed today on one of the Orkney Islands off the north coast of Scotland. The balloon had a rough voyage and in crossing the North Sea it struck the water with such violence that one of the crew, a man named Metzger, was thrown from the basket and drowned. The other members of the crew, Distler and Joerden, suffered intensely from the cold and the jarring which the balloon received.

## Count Barred from Hotel.

New York, Dec. 5.—Two of New York's exclusive hotels, the St. Regis and the Plaza, today slammed their doors in the face of Count Jacques de Penafort, the young nobleman who married the daughter of millionaire M. H. Kilgallen, of Chicago, and was afterwards thrown out of the house by papa-in-law.

## Storm Warning.

New York, Dec. 5.—The following special storm warning has been issued by the local weather bureau: Northeast storm warnings are ordered displayed from 10:30 a. m. Monday from Jacksonville, Fla., to Norfolk. A storm now over the lower Mississippi valley is moving northeastward and will cause increasing northeast winds, shifting to high northwest on Tuesday.

## GRIM REAPER WAS BUSY.

The Angel of Death has entered both chambers of Congress since the last adjournment and in both chambers he has exacted heavy toll. In the Senate death has claimed Messrs. Daniel, of Virginia; Clay, of Georgia; the venerable McEnery, of Louisiana, and the brilliant Dilliver, of Iowa—four Senators whose sterling merit and splendid manliness had won them the friendship of all their colleagues. In the House Tirrell, of Massachusetts; Brownlow, of Tennessee; Gilmore, of Louisiana, and Foulkrod, of Pennsylvania, have passed away. Of these Messrs. Tirrell and Gilmore were comparatively new and almost unknown; Brownlow, a nephew of old Parson Brownlow, of Tennessee, was an aggressive and masterful politician as his great relative, Frank Pickens, of Pennsylvania, was an accomplished gentleman. On the day after election, not knowing that he had been defeated, in neither chamber will there, accordingly, be any business done tomorrow, for adjournment will be taken almost immediately after the announcement of the death of their colleagues by members of the respective state delegations.

THE COLLEGE OF CARDINALS. The present composition of the Sacred College of Cardinals makes it probable that the Pope will create more Italian cardinals at an early date. It is almost certain that if Pius X died before doing so, the foreign cardinals would represent more than one-third of the total in a conclave for the election of his successor.

The Sacred College has 51 members today—31 Italians and 20 foreigners. Of this total 7 are octogenarians and 16 are between 70 and 80. In case of a conclave it would be impossible for more than 80 cardinals at the outside to assemble at the Vatican.

If you are suffering from biliousness, constipation, indigestion, chronic headache, invest one cent in a postal card, send to Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa, with your name and address plainly on the back, and they will forward you a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Sold by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

A sprained ankle will usually disable the injured person for three or four weeks. This is due to lack of proper treatment. When Chamberlain's Liniment is applied a cure may be effected in three or four days. This liniment is one of the best and most remarkable preparations in use. Sold by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Chief Inspector Dew, of Scotland Yard, London, tendered his resignation.

The date for the next annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans has been fixed for May 16 at Little Rock, Arkansas.

Memorial services were held throughout the country yesterday by the B. P. O. E. in honor of other deceased brothers.

Prominent Insurgents reiterate that they will not allow themselves to be persuaded by appointments or other considerations to abandon their principles.

Senator Root, of New York, has been appointed permanent arbitrator representing America at the Hague Tribunal succeeding the late Chief Justice Fuller of the Supreme Court.

At Yacoo City, Mass., on Saturday L. C. D'Alayzo prominent planter and political leader, was adjudged not guilty of the charge of bribery in connection with the recent election of United States Senator Leroy Percy.

Statements from leaders of various parties and factions in hand for the opening of Congress indicate that the short session will accomplish little as far as legislation other than the regular appropriation bills is concerned.

Unprecedented storms have swept Mindanao and Zamboanga, flooding the country. Twenty lives have been lost, and property damaged to the value of \$250,000. No reports have been received from other districts as yet.

Director of the Census Durand has announced that as soon as the work of ascertaining the census is completed next Saturday, 120 of the Census Bureau employees who are on the temporary list will be discharged.

Just as the undertaker put out his hands to lift the body of 3-year-old Lillian Viand of New York, on Saturday to prepare her for burial, the child sat bolt upright in her winding sheet, opened her eyes and cried: "Mamma! I want my mamma! I'm cold!"

Walter Archer, an amateur aviator, proved he possessed great inventive genius by making an ascent of 700 feet in a heavier-than-air machine near Denver, Col., Saturday. Incidentally, he lost his life, dropping 700 feet and breaking every bone in his body by falling on a pile of rocks.

Maj. Gen. Wesley Merritt, U. S. A., retired, died at National Bridge, Virginia, Saturday. His remains have been taken to West Point, N. Y., where the funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon with full military honors. Gen. Merritt's death, although sudden, was not wholly unexpected, as he had been in poor health for some time.

A duel with swords was fought Saturday night in the outskirts of Paris by the light of torches and automobile lamps. The principals in the duel were M. Raucourt, an actor, and M. Champagne, a dramatic critic. The actor was the critic through the lung, and the wounded man is said to be in a desperate condition. The case is now in the hands of the police.

Joseph Wendling in Louisville Saturday night was found guilty of the murder of eight-year-old Alma Kellner and his punishment fixed at life imprisonment. Wendling was talking to his wife when the verdict was announced. He remained perfectly calm. "I either killed the girl or I did not," said Wendling. "They should either send me to the electric chair or turn me free."

For swearing falsely in making application for a marriage license at Rockville Md., several weeks ago, Otto Linaweaver, of Manassas and Washington, was convicted of perjury in the circuit court at Rockville Saturday afternoon, and sentenced to 60 days in jail. Linaweaver was married in Rockville October 29, under the name of Owen Lamonta to Miss Lepha Buchanan, daughter of Armenia C. Buchanan, of Craigsville, Va.

The flood continues serious along the valleys of the Loire, Rhone and Garonne, and there is but slight improvement elsewhere. All the country to the northwest of Nantes, to the extent of about 10 miles in length and five in breadth is a sheet of water. Reports from Nantes say that during Saturday night a dike collapsed and five villages to the southeast of the city were overwhelmed in a few minutes. Several thousand families by this disaster were added to the already large number of sufferers, although no casualties are reported.

Fred H. Pratt, manager of the American Paint Company, obtained a divorce on Saturday from Mrs. Margaret Pratt, now living in New York. Chief of the allegations of cruelty put forward by Mr. Pratt was a charge that his wife pinched him to keep awake to listen to her at night and that when pinching did not accomplish the purpose she rolled him out of bed and beat him soundly. They could not agree on religious questions, Mr. Pratt said. Once she shot at him in the street, Mr. Pratt testified.

Because her husband forced her to shave him, cut his hair and polish his shoes, Mrs. Adie V. Leak got a decree of divorce from her husband, John Freeman Leak, in St. Louis, but the court set it aside Saturday. Mrs. Leak obtained her decree from Judge Shields Saturday 10, but the husband declared that there were material misrepresentations. Mr. Leak could not be found when his wife's petition was filed, and service was by publication on Mrs. Leak's affidavit, that so far as she could ascertain her husband was not a resident of Missouri.

## THE ENGLISH ELECTION.

The trend of the first day's polling in England on Saturday was in favor of the unionists, but not with adequate force to insure their return to power. Their net gain was three seats, with about one-seventh of the constituencies polled or uncontested. This pointed to a possible gain of twenty-five or thirty seats on the aggregate result, whereas more than sixty are required for a bare majority. The day's elections, however, have been more favorable for the unionists than the liberals, as a considerable majority of the doubtful seats, with narrow margins in the last election, were government seats.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

President Alderman, of the University of Virginia, will take a long vacation because of ill health.

Mrs. Anna M. Marshall, aged 59 years, widow of M. H. Marshall, died at her home near Palmyra Saturday.

Perry Newby, colored, captured a carrier pigeon on south Washington street today. A ring around one of the bird's legs bore the inscription "S. A. 41,830."

Edward M. Daniel, son of the late Senator John W. Daniel, has just given the contract for the publication of the principal addresses of his late father, which were made during his long public career.

As the result of the differences over the transfer of the Marion Female College, a Lutheran institution at Marion, from that place to Salem, the Rev. John C. Perry has resigned as president of the college.

Jack Hurley attacked Mrs. Jennie Cassidy on the street in Norfolk yesterday and cut her throat from ear to ear. Hurley was pursued by a crowd and followed into a house where he used the knife on his own throat. Both are in a critical condition. It is said Hurley was actuated by jealousy.

A home wedding was solemnized at "Waverly," the home of the bride, at King George Court House, Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, when Miss Marie Reid Doherty became the bride of Mr. Thomas Lomax Hunter, of King George. Rev. R. M. James of the Methodist church, the bride's pastor, performed the solemn ceremony.

The plans for a \$200,000 reinforced concrete bridge over the James river connecting Lynchburg with Anheuser county, have just been finished by the municipal engineering department, and they will be submitted to the street committee today. The bridge will be 1,081 feet long, with approaches aggregating 300 feet, and it will be 60 feet above water.

Rev. Noah Malone, a free-will Baptist evangelist working among the mountain people near Roanoke, was held up and beaten into insensibility by highwaymen Saturday night. He was robbed of \$23. He is unable to give the police any clue as to who assaulted him. This is the second time he has been robbed by highwaymen within 15 months. His condition is critical.

A bullet crashed through a window into the headquarters of the Anti-Slavery League, passing directly over the desk of Rev. J. D. McAlister, general secretary of the State League, in Lynchburg, yesterday afternoon. He has been there, aiding in the direction of the "dry" campaign since it opened. Friends of the secretary fear this was an effort to assassinate his leader.

The news that the Valley Turnpike Company has asked the Corporation Commission to consent to the company's increasing the number of toll gates by placing additional gates within half a mile of towns has aroused considerable interest in that section. There is considerable opposition to the tollgates as they now stand, and it is expected that a determined fight will be put up against increasing the number.

Senator George B. Kezell, of Rockingham, who has accepted an appointment as treasurer of his county, has resigned his membership in the state Senate, effective January 1. The senator has served for many years, and his friends still hope that he will be again a candidate in next year's elections, and will miss no session of the legislature. The governor, who returned to Richmond on Saturday morning from the meetings of governors at Frankfort and Louisville, will accept the resignation.

## SCHOOL MONEY.

More than \$430,000 from the literary fund was on Saturday apportioned among the several counties and cities of the state for the benefit of the public schools.

This is an increase this year of about \$25,000 more than was received from the same source last year. The per capita apportionment is 70 cents for each child of school age in the several divisions for school purposes. This amount will be available for the public school at once, and is independent of the taxes levied for counties and cities for school purposes, being separate and distinct from the levies by the municipalities or the state.

The statement below gives the list of the school divisions in this section of the state along with the school population and the amount of cash each will receive under the apportionment from the literary fund:

School.	Appropriation.
Alexandria city.	2,282
Alexandria county.	2,904
Clark.	2,230
Culpeper.	1,561
Fairfax.	7,376
Fauquier.	7,500
Fredericksburg.	1,437
King George.	2,245
Loudoun.	1,454
Louisia.	5,293
Orange.	4,008
Stafford.	2,850
Prince William.	3,768
Rappahannock.	2,430
Stafford.	2,430
Warren.	2,850
Westmoreland.	2,900

## DEATH OF MRS. EDDY.

Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, "discoverer and founder" of Christian Science, died at her home in Newton, Mass., Saturday night, aged eighty-nine years. Death was due to an attack of pneumonia, from which the aged woman suffered, about a week or ten days.

Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy was born near Concord, N. H., July 16, 1821. She joined the Congregationalist church at the age of twelve years, and remained a member until she founded the Christian Science Church in 1879. She practiced the Christian Science faith in 1847, when she had a few pupils in Boston. She married Col. George W. Glover, of Charleston, S. C., early in life. Her second husband, Mr. Patterson, she divorced, and her third husband, Dr. Eddy, died in 1882. Mrs. Eddy was first reported dead in 1905. The next year a similar report was broadcasted. These, like others which followed, were disproved by Mrs. Eddy in person. Three years ago George W. Glover, Mrs. Eddy's son, filed a suit for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's estate. After a bitter legal fight, this suit was compromised by the payment to him of \$250,000.

## SIXTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

## THIRD SESSION.

## SENATE.

The Senate met at noon. The galleries were filled, but not crowded.

A roll-call, following the opening prayer, showed 80 senators present, an unusually high percentage, only eight being absent.

Resolutions of notifications to the House, the president and fixing the hour of meeting at 12 o'clock were offered by Senators Hale, Cullom and Lodge and adopted.

Senator Cullom and Moore were appointed to wait on the president.

Senator Martin (Dem., Mo.) at once announced the death of John W. Daniel, of Virginia, speaking briefly in eulogy of his life and valuable public service.

Senator Bacon (dem., Ga.) followed, declaring his great personal sorrow over the death of Alexander S. Clay, of Georgia.

The demise of Samuel D. McEnery, of Louisiana, was announced by Senator Foster (dem., La.) and that of Jonathan P. Dolliver, of Iowa, by Senator Cummins (rep., Ia.)

The four resolutions of regret were adopted.

Senator Bacon said this scene in its pathos and tragedy had no precedent in the annals of the United States. He offered a resolution for adjournment as a further tribute of respect and the Senate adjourned, having been in session but 18 minutes.

There was then a resumption of greetings, felicitations and jesting. No differences were manifested in this general exchange. Friend and foe, republicans and democrats, regulars and insurgents, all met with pleasant smiles and kind words.

## HOUSE.